to the erstwhile Rupee Payment Area and other East European Countries.

(e) No, Sir. Indian Missions abroad are actively involved in the promotion of India's economic and commercial interest, ncluding expansion of exports and encouraging investment flows.

(d) In order to increase exports, tne Government have taken major steps for liberalisation of trade which include provision of export linked imports, reduction of import licensing strengthening export incentives, removal of procedural irritants through simplification of policy and procedures, and pruning of negative list of Exports. In 1993-94 Budget, the system of market determined unified ex-charge rate has been introduced and customs and excise duties on many raw materials and capital goods have teen reduced. The interest rate of rupee export credit has been reduced by one percentage point and the interest tax in the esse of export credit from banks has been waived. Barks have been asked to ensure that export credit amounts to at least 10 per cent of their total advances by the end of June, 1993. Besides, 34 commodities have been identified as "Extreme focus" sector for a special export thrust abroad. The Exim Policy 1992-97 has been amended to include a scheme of EOU's for Agricultural an-i allied sectors who export at least 50 per cent of their produce. The definition of 'manufacture' and 'capital goods' has been extended to include agricultural and allied activities.

Fall in Shrimp Exports

*193. SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAN : Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have analysed the causes for the fall in the quantity of shrimp exports over the last two years;

(b) whether it is a fact that MPEDA has been only stressing the exports of shrimp in rupee terms; and

(c) what are the reasons for the decline in the quantity of shrimp exports in the year 1992-93 ?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE) : [(a)' and (c) Shrimp exports declined in 1992-93 to ebout 70894 MT valued at US $ 391.20 million from 76151 MT value af US 3 400.05 million in the previous yea?. The decline was mainly due to (i) poor landings of shrimps on the West Coast; (ii) sluggish demand in Japan; and (iii) Cochin port strike during Sept.,—Nov.. 1992.

(b) No, Sir, it is not true. Wh'le monitoring export performance, our promotional agencies evaluate the growth of exports in dollar terms, not just in rupee terms.

उपभोक्ता संरक्षण एजेंसियों को सुदृढ़ किया जाना

*194. चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह: क्या नागरिक आपूर्ति उपभोक्ता मामले और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) उपभोक्ता संरक्षण एजेंसियों को सुदृढ़ करने के लिए जिला, राज्य और राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर विस्तरीय सुधार एजेंसियों की स्थापना हेतु गत वर्ष किए गए कार्यों का ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ख) इस संबंध में अब तक पूरा कर लिए गए कार्यों का ब्यौरा क्या है ?

नागरिक पूर्ति, उपभोक्ता मामले और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्री (श्री ए. के एन्टनी) :

(क) और (ख) उपभोक्ता संरक्षण अधिनियम, 1986 के तहत , केन्द्र सरकार राष्ट्रीय उपभोक्ता विवाद प्रतितोष आयोग के गठन के लिए और राज्य सरकारें/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासन उपभोक्ता विवाद प्रतितोष आयोगों (राज्य आयोगों) तथा उपभोक्ता विवाद प्रतितोष मंचों (जिला मंचों) की स्थापना के लिए उत्तरदायी हैं। राष्ट्रीय आयोग ने, दिसम्बर 1988 से कार्य करना आरंभ कर दिया है, 30 राज्य आयोग तथा 447 जिला मंच भी, राज्य तथा जिला-स्तरों पर कार्य कर रहे हैं।